

# Summary of the Hybrid Power Systems Workshop in Tenerife, Spain



**3<sup>rd</sup> International  
Hybrid Power Systems Workshop**

**8 - 9 May 2018**  
Tenerife, Spain



**by Thomas Ackermann**  
Energynautics, Germany

[www.energynautics.com](http://www.energynautics.com)

# Number of Participants of the 3rd Hybrid Power Systems Workshop – 56 Speakers

Country	Number	Country	Number
Germany	42	Gambia	2
Spain	21	Zambia	2
United States of America	9	Niger	2
France	6	Latvia	2
Belgium	4	Cameroon	2
Netherlands	4	Madagascar	2
Portugal	3	United Kingdom	2
Japan	3	Mauritania	2
Netherlands Antilles	2	Canada	2
Switzerland	2	Cape Verde	2
Denmark	2	Kenya	2
Greece	2	Other Countries *	7
		<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>129</b>

\* Cyprus, Faroer Islands, Austria, Italy, Nigeria, Sweden, Burkina Faso

# Group of Participants





# Overview of the Session

- **Keynote Session – Canary Islands Experience**
- **Project Experience**
- **Simulation Tools**
- **Storage Issues**
- **System Control Aspects**
- **Economic Issues**
- **Modelling Issues**
- **System Design Aspects**
- **Forecasting &**
- **Integration Issues**
- **System Design Aspects**
- **Stability Issues**
- **Micro Grid Design**
- **Aspects**



## Sources of the following slides:

### **Towards a New Energy Model: Challenges and Solutions to Enable Large RES Penetration in the Canary Islands' Isolated Power Systems**

P. Santos (Red Eléctrica de España [REE], Spain)

---

### **Gorona del Viento Wind-Hydro Power Plant – Results, Improvement Actuations and Next Steps**

A. Marrero Quevedo (Technological Institute of the Canary Islands [ITC], Spain)

# Location of Tenerife



**Source: Towards a New Energy Model: Challenges and Solutions to Enable Large RES Penetration in the Canary Islands' Isolated Power Systems P. Santos (Red Eléctrica de España [REE], Spain)**

# The Canary Islands Electrical Systems - Today

- 6 isolated electrical systems on 7 islands
- Generation mainly based on fossil fuels
- Low meshed weak infrastructure
- High wind and solar potential



Source: Towards a New Energy Model: Challenges and Solutions to Enable Large RES Penetration in the Canary Islands' Isolated Power Systems P. Santos (Red Eléctrica de España [REE], Spain)

## ENTSO-E



3,4 TWh



248 TWh



(  x 70 )

3.278 TWh (  x78.000)

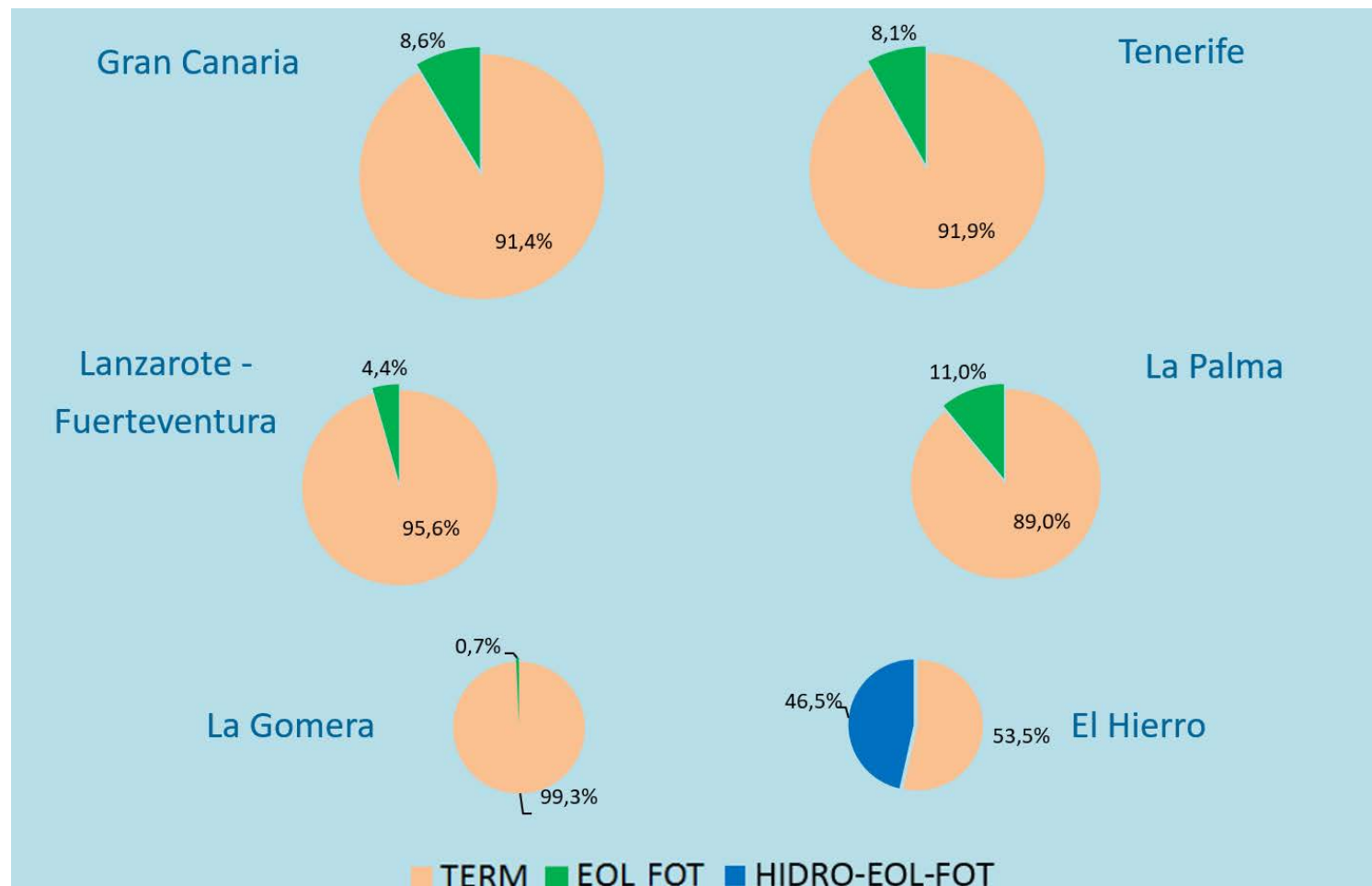


(  x 1.000 )

**Source: Towards a New Energy Model: Challenges and Solutions to Enable Large RES Penetration in the Canary Islands' Isolated Power Systems** P. Santos (Red Eléctrica de España [REE], Spain)



## Annual Demand covered by RES (2017)



Source: Towards a New Energy Model: Challenges and Solutions to Enable Large RES Penetration in the Canary Islands' Isolated Power Systems P. Santos (Red Eléctrica de España [REE], Spain)

# Interconnectors



Source: Towards a New Energy Model: Challenges and Solutions to Enable Large RES Penetration in the Canary Islands' Isolated Power Systems P. Santos (Red Eléctrica de España [REE], Spain)

# Storage: Central Hidroeléctrica de el Hierro (CHE)



El Hierro island:

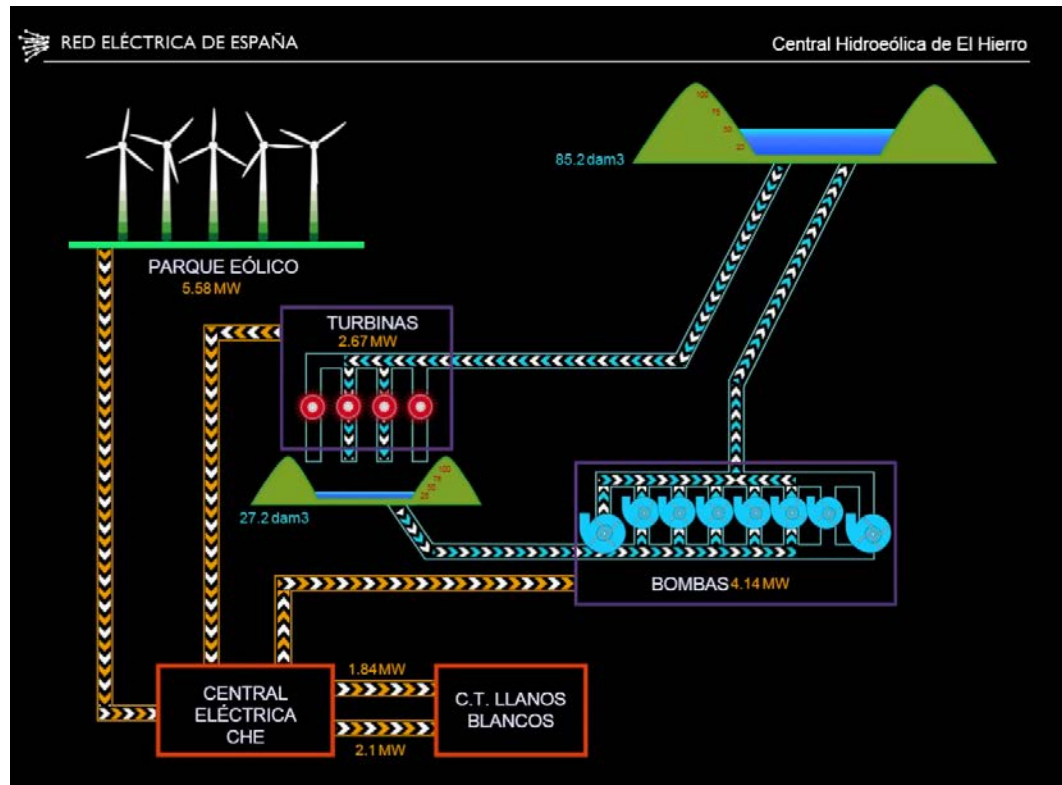
- Peak demand: 7 - 8 MW
- Lowest demand: 3.5 - 4 MW

CHE:

- Owned by Gorona del Viento:
  - Cabildo de El Hierro
  - ENDESA
  - Instituto Tecnológico de Canarias
- Dispatched by the TSO

Technical specs:

- Wind: 11.5 MW
- Pumps: 6.4 MW
- Turbines: 11.4 MW
- Upper reservoir: 380 dam<sup>3</sup>
- Lower reservoir: 149 dam<sup>3</sup>
- Roundtrip efficiency: 50%



**Source: Towards a New Energy Model: Challenges and Solutions to Enable Large RES Penetration in the Canary Islands' Isolated Power Systems** P. Santos (Red Eléctrica de España [REE], Spain)

# Gorona del Viento Wind Hydro Power Plant



- Wind Farm; 5 Enercon 2.3 MW turbines.
- Water reservoirs.
  - Lined with high density polyethylene membrane
  - Higher reservoir 380.000 m<sup>3</sup>
  - Lower reservoir 149.000 m<sup>3</sup>
- Penstocks.
  - Turbine pipe of 2.3 km and 1 m of diameter
  - Pump pipe of 3 km and 0.8 m of diameter.
- Hydro turbine station. 4 Andritz Pelton turbines of 2.83 MW (flow 0.5 m<sup>3</sup>/s).
- Pump Station.
  - 2 pump units of 1.6 MW (0.178 m<sup>3</sup>/s), controlled by frequency converters.
  - 6 pump units of 0.54 MW (0.058 m<sup>3</sup>/s), started by 2 frequency converters



**Source: Gorona del Viento Wind-Hydro Power Plant – Results, Improvement Actuations and Next Steps**  
A. Marrero Quevedo (Technological Institute of the Canary Islands [ITC], Spain)

# Overall Results



- 8 consecutive days covering 100 % of the Island demand in June 2017.
- 79 % of renewable integration into power system in July 2017.
- 18 consecutive days covering 100 % of the Island demand in January-February 2018.



- Continuous improvement process.
- Stakeholders sharing information
- Gorona --> Plant improvements
- REE --> Operational changes
- ITC, Endesa, Enercon, Andritz.

Year	Saved Diesel (tons)	CO <sub>2</sub> reduction (tons)	Integration into power system (%)
2015 (From July up to the end of the year)	2099	4352.57	19.4
2016	5366	11629.56	40.7
2017	6070	13150.87	46.4

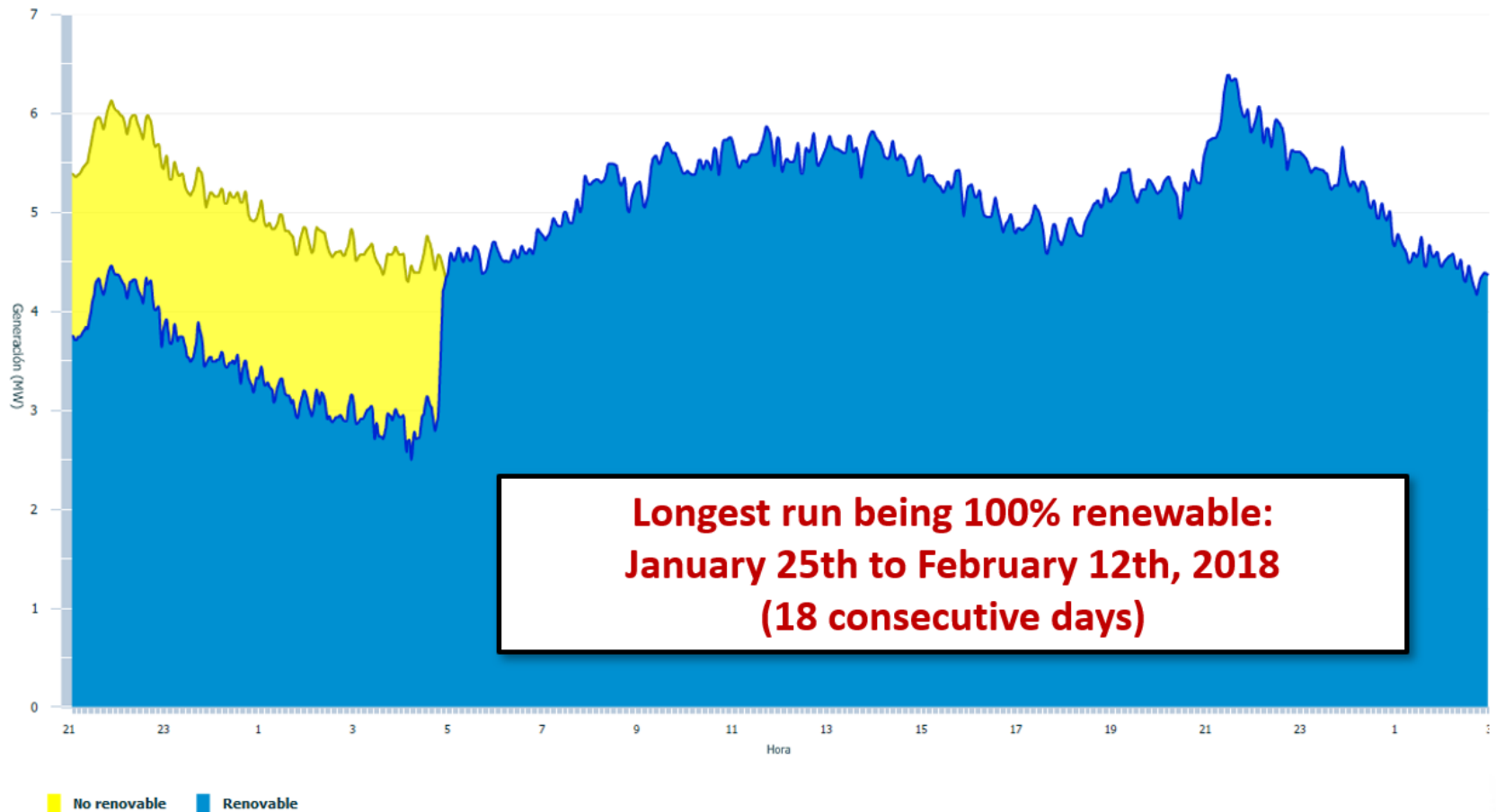


**Source: Gorona del Viento Wind-Hydro Power Plant – Results, Improvement Actuations and Next Steps**  
A. Marrero Quevedo (Technological Institute of the Canary Islands [ITC], Spain)



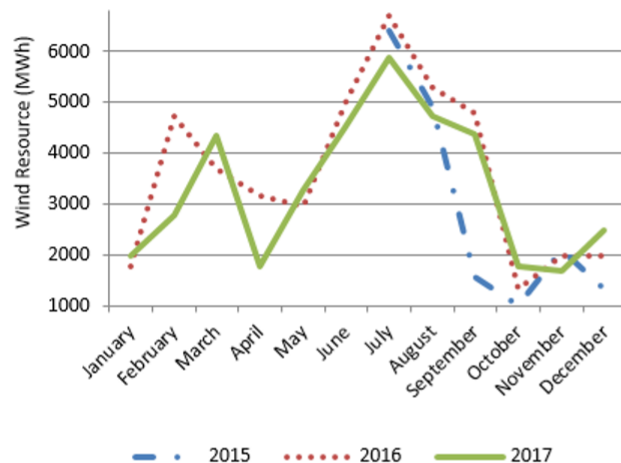
# Storage: Central Hidroeléctrica De El Hierro: 100% Renewable

Red Eléctrica de España - Generación Renovable Vs Demanda

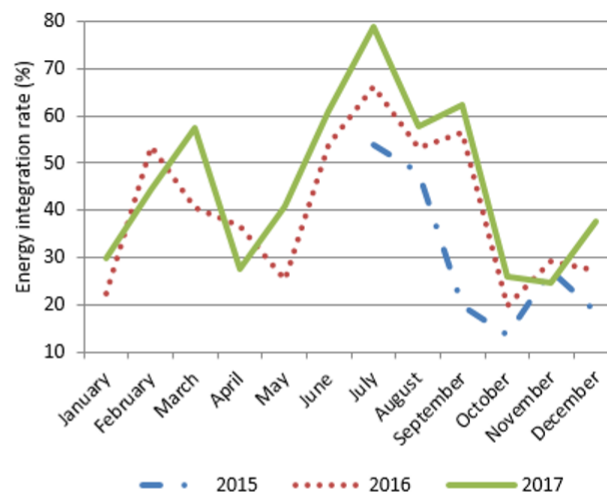


Source: Towards a New Energy Model: Challenges and Solutions to Enable Large RES Penetration in the Canary Islands' Isolated Power Systems P. Santos (Red Eléctrica de España [REE], Spain)

# Overall Results



Wind Resource



Energy integration into El Hierro power system

2018 integration			
Jan.	Feb.	March	April
66 %	57 %	49 %	71 %

# Wind Ramps - Frequency Control



- **11.5 MW Wind Farm > 7 MW of El Hierro Peak load → The wind ramps have a big impact on the system**
- Tertiary regulation, the TSO, REE provides a weekly/daily/hourly power dispatch
  - System Security and Stability
  - Economic criteria.
  - Modified with the real time wind resource.
- Secondary regulation – Response time → seconds to minutes.
  - REE sends an active power setting for wind farm, that is given to the Farm Control Unit.
  - Hydro and pump units receive active power setting in their speed governors and frequency converters according to the dispatch and an automatic generation control device corrections.
- Primary regulation – Response time → few seconds.
  - Hydro turbines and diesel generators, through speed governors.
  - Pumps, through frequency converters (case of pump units driven by converters)
  - Wind farm primary regulation is, nowadays deactivated
- Pump shedding – Response time → 100 ms.
  - Underfrequency
  - ROCOF;  $df/dt$

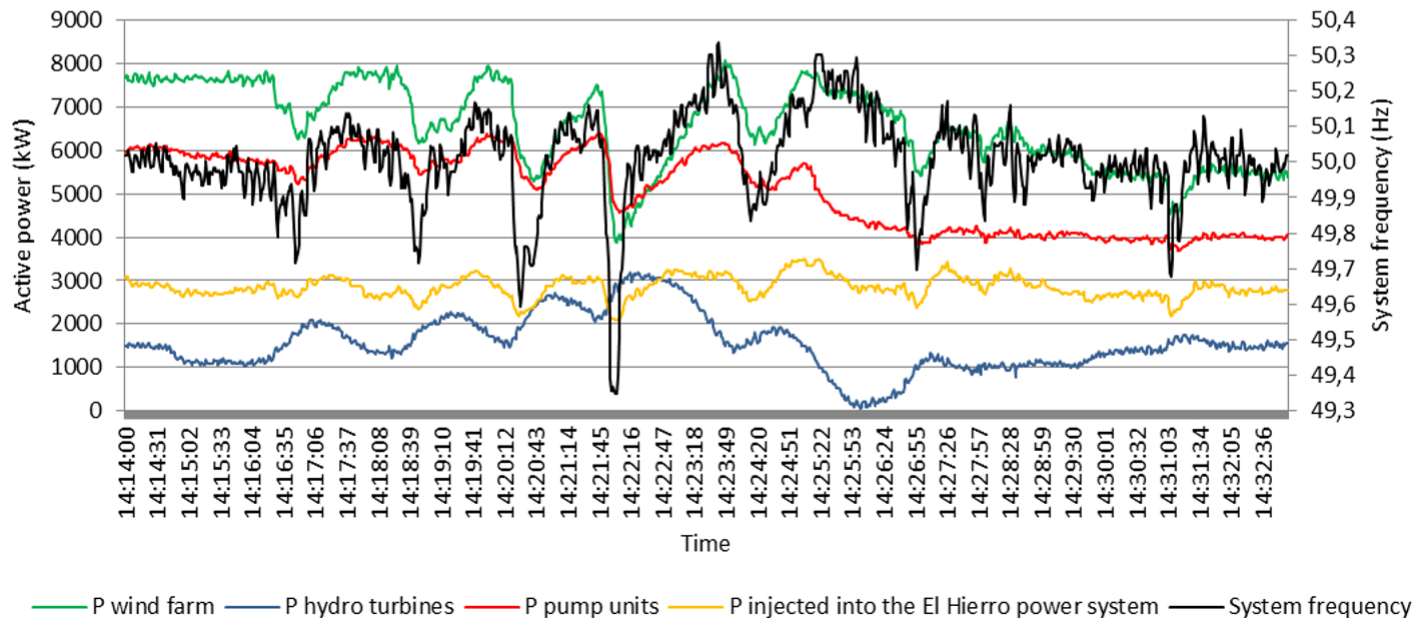


**Source: Gorona del Viento Wind-Hydro Power Plant – Results, Improvement Actuations and Next Steps**  
A. Marrero Quevedo (Technological Institute of the Canary Islands [ITC], Spain)

# Pump Shedding

## Primary regulation in Hydro turbines was not enough

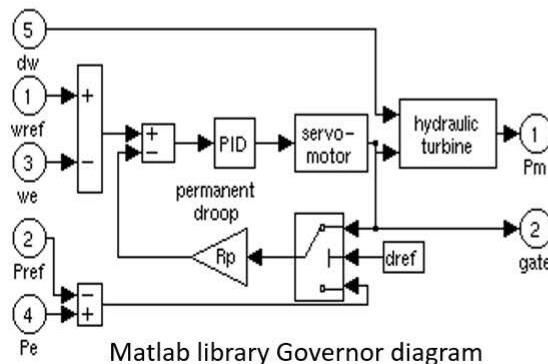
- Pump shedding necessary to ensure the security of the system
- Impact to system performance (50%)
- Pumps life -- More than 700 trips due to underfrequency in 2017!!



**Source: Gorona del Viento Wind-Hydro Power Plant – Results, Improvement Actuations and Next Steps**  
A. Marrero Quevedo (Technological Institute of the Canary Islands [ITC], Spain)

# Actuations - Improvements

- Speed Governor Logic
- Wind farm Active Power setting treatment





# Conclusions and next Steps



- Continuous analysis of the system. Collaboration between REE and Gorona is better for the system, because it is easy for the actors to detect, analyze and solve problems.
- More confidence in the plant frequency regulation.
  - 80 % of pump shedding reduction (more reduction with more than 2 Pelton Turbines dispatched)
  - Performance increases → Same system security with less pumps
  - It seems production increases
- Next steps
  - Synchronous compensator
    - Response improvement (damper)
    - Diminish water consumption
  - Wind farm;
    - FCU enhance
    - Primary regulation
  - Short term forecasting; Machine learning.



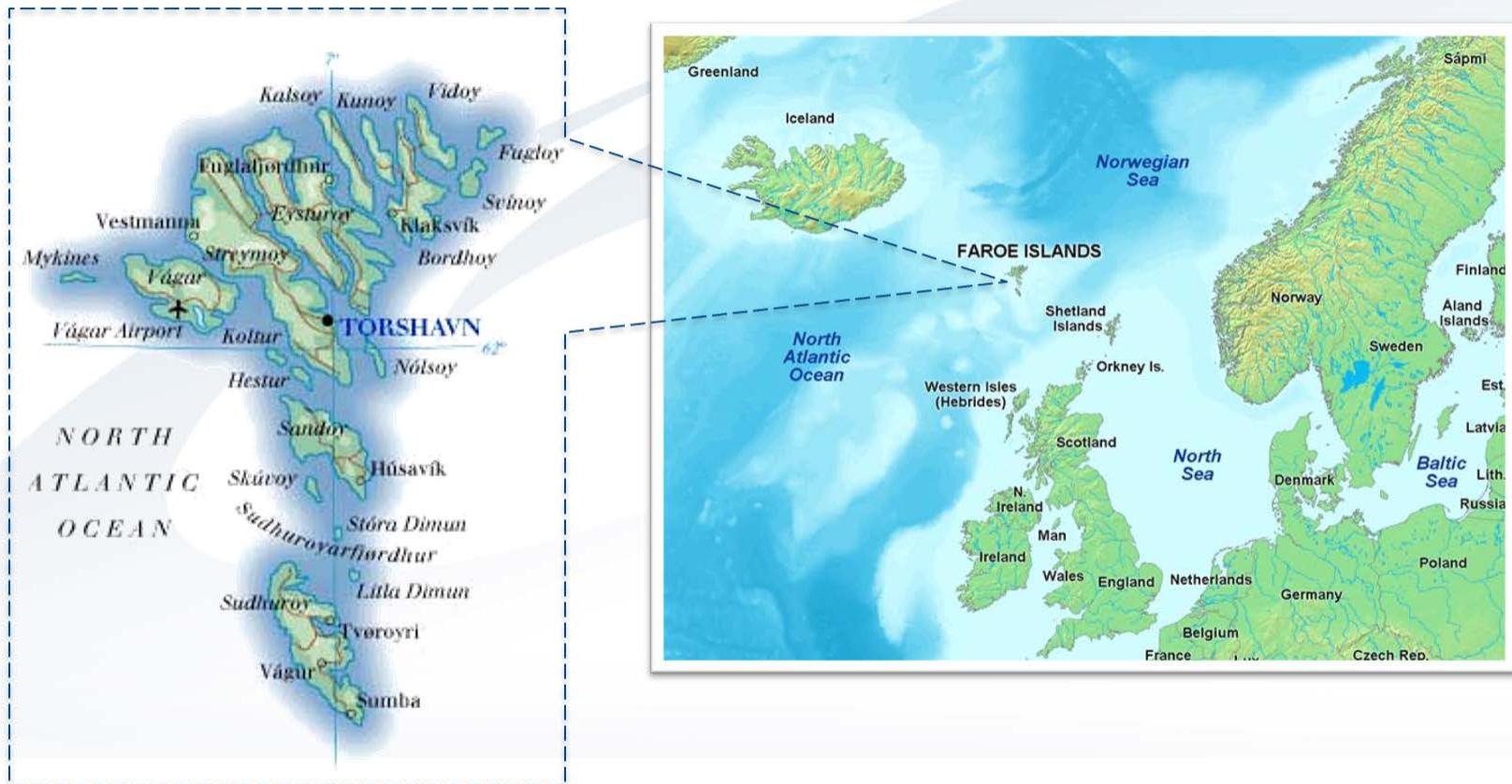
**Source: Gorona del Viento Wind-Hydro Power Plant – Results, Improvement Actuations and Next Steps**  
A. Marrero Quevedo (Technological Institute of the Canary Islands [ITC], Spain)

**Source:**

## **Towards 100% Renewables in the Faroe Islands: Wind and Energy Storage Integration**

T. Nielsen (Electrical Power Company [Eldelagið] SEV, Faroe Islands)

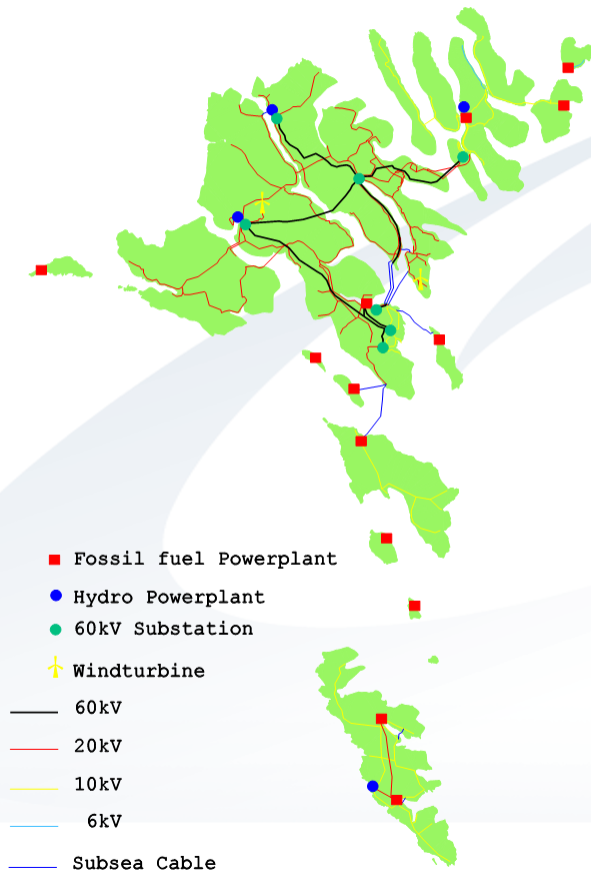
# Faroe Islands



**Source: Towards 100% Renewables in the Faroe Islands: Wind and Energy Storage Integration**  
T. Nielsen (Electrical Power Company [Elfelagið] SEV, Faroe Islands)

# Electrical Company SEV

- **General company facts:**
  - Non-profit, founded 1<sup>st</sup> October 1946
  - 100 % owned by all Faroese municipalities
  - Vertically Integrated Company
  - Joint and several price structure



**Source: Towards 100% Renewables in the Faroe Islands: Wind and Energy Storage Integration**  
T. Nielsen (Electrical Power Company [Elfelagið] SEV, Faroe Islands)



# Identification of Renewable Resources



Average wind speed:  $> 10 \text{ m/s}$



Precipitation:  $> 1300 \text{ mm/year}$  (Tenerife:  $< 250 \text{ mm/year}$ )



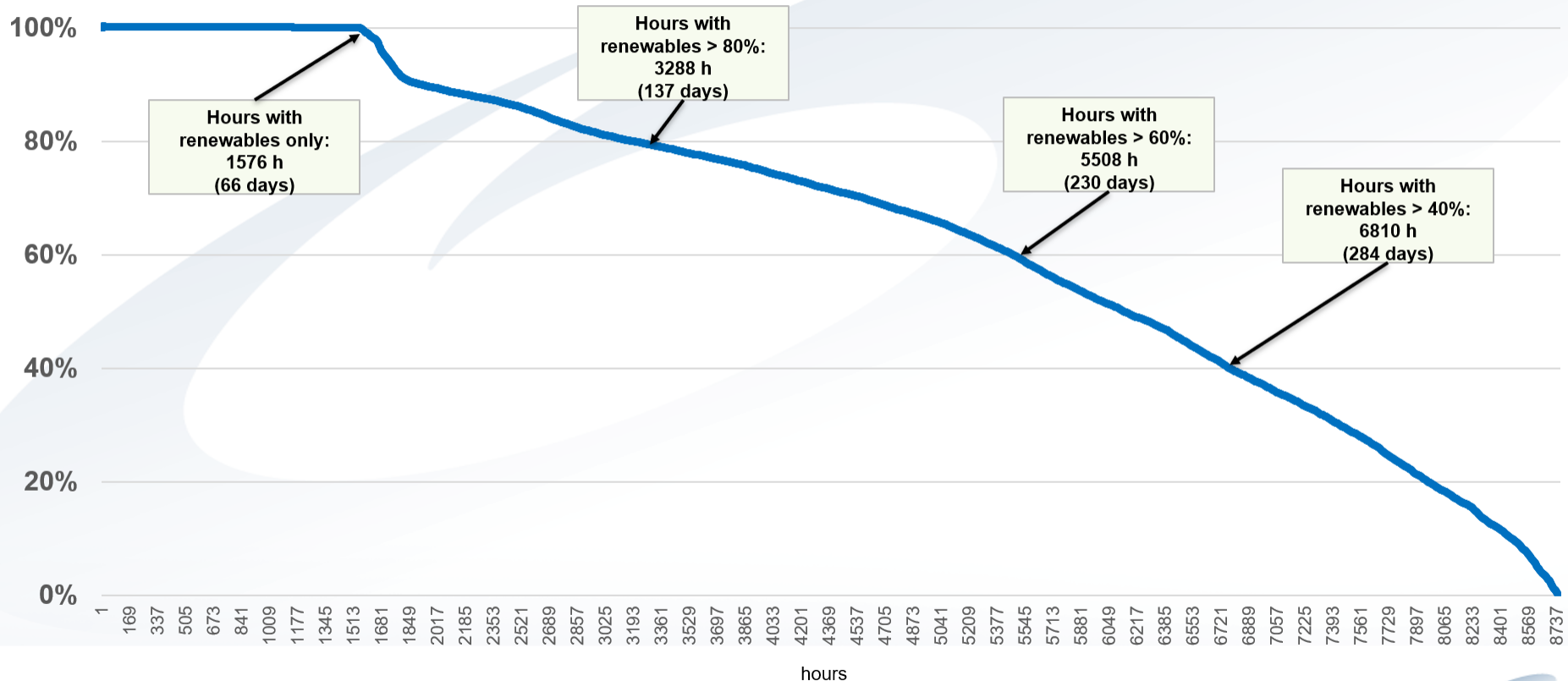
Peak tidal velocities:  $\sim 3.5 \text{ m/s}$



Average sun hours:  $\sim 1000 \text{ hrs/year}$  (Tenerife:  $\sim 3000 \text{ hours}$ )

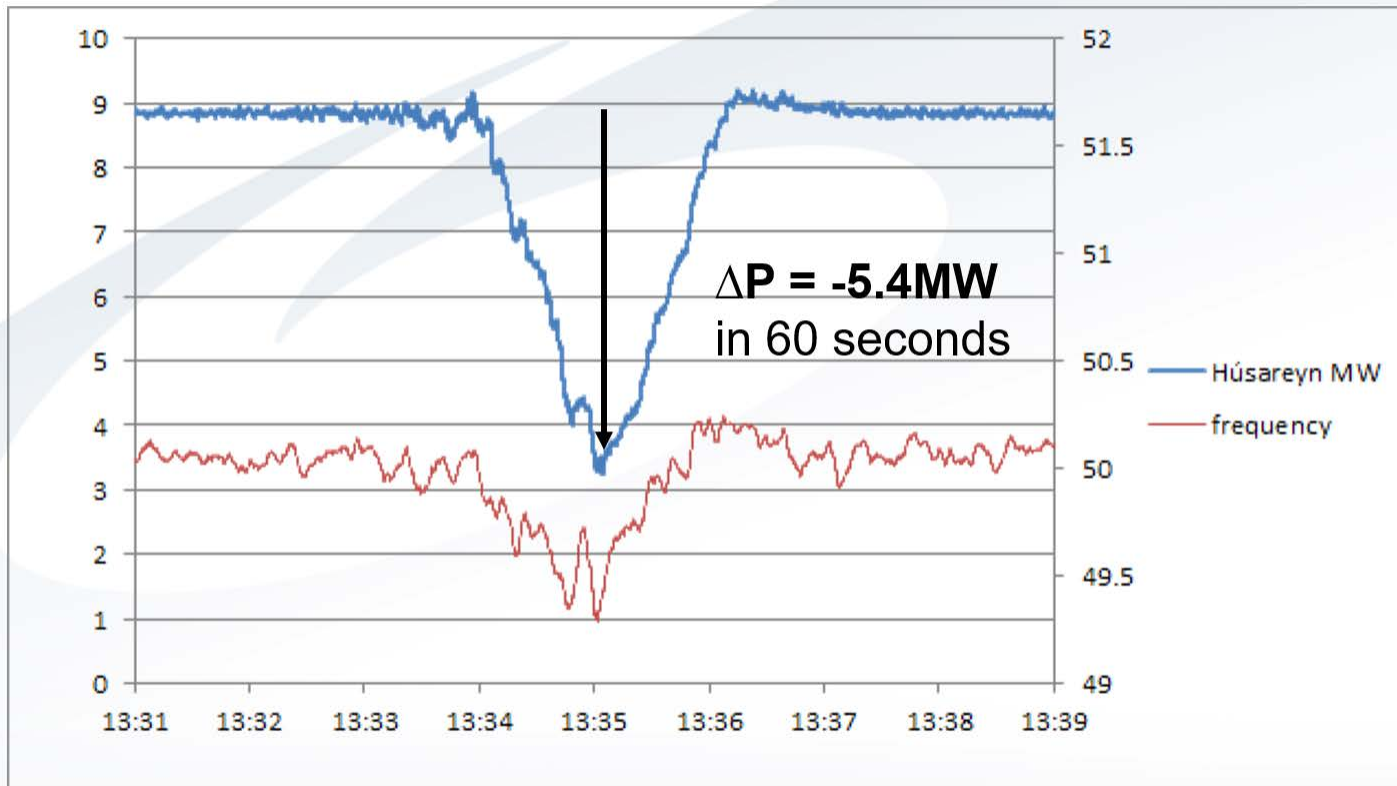


# Renewable Energy Duration Curve 2015



Source: Towards 100% Renewables in the Faroe Islands: Wind and Energy Storage Integration  
T. Nielsen (Electrical Power Company [Elfelagið] SEV, Faroe Islands)

## Extreme Ramp Rates (Húsahagi WF)



Source: Towards 100% Renewables in the Faroe Islands: Wind and Energy Storage Integration  
T. Nielsen (Electrical Power Company [Eldfeligjó] SEV, Faroe Islands)

# Wind Farm Block Diagram



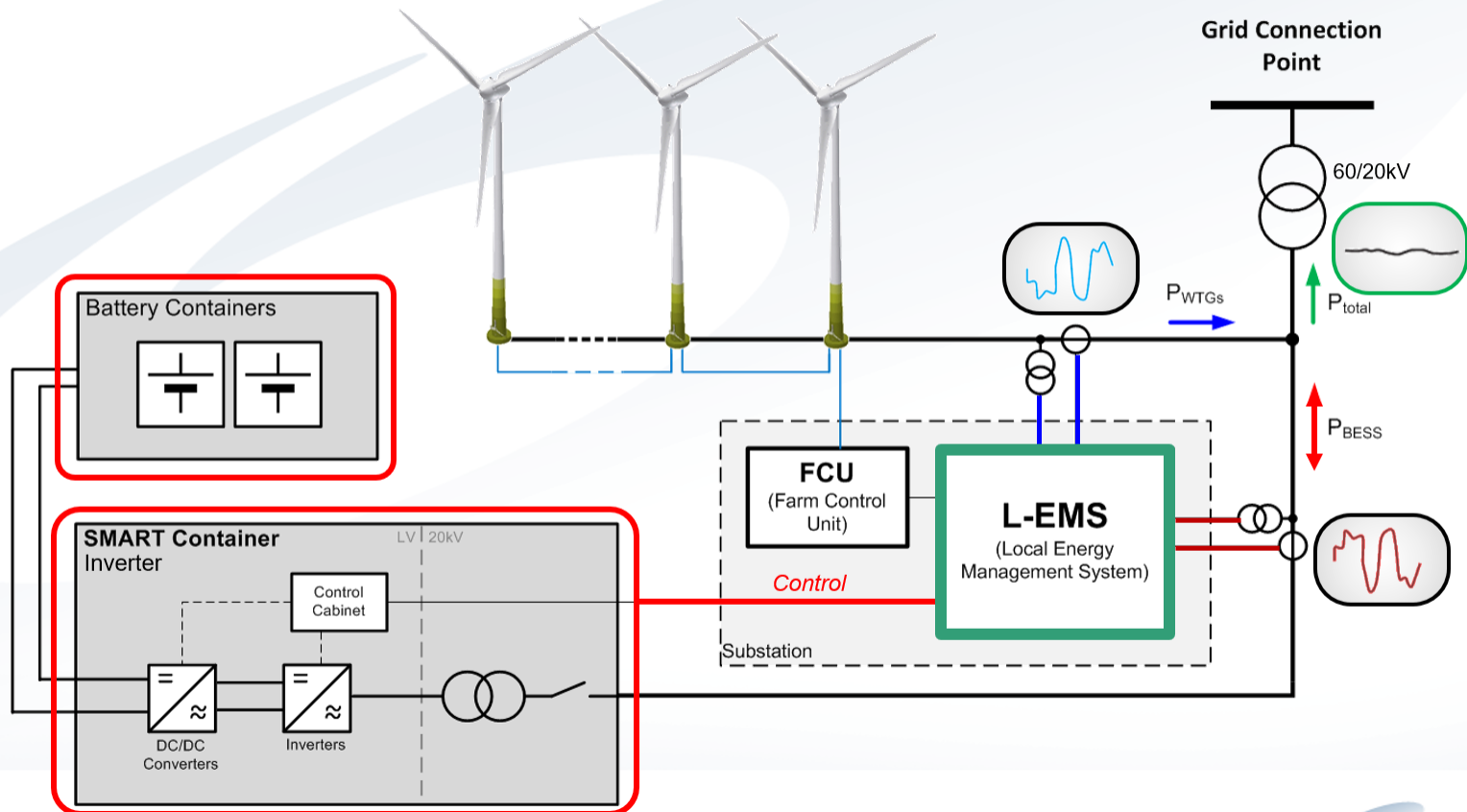
## 2 Intensium Max 20P

Energy	707 kWh
Continuous discharge power	2 400 kW
Continuous charge power	1 500 kW
Nominal voltage	623 V
Voltage range	525V – 700V



## ENERCON E-Storage 2300

Apparent power	2300 kVA
AC Voltage	LV: 400V MV: 20 kV
DC Power	2 400 kW
DC Voltage Range	345 – 705 V
DC Current	3325 A



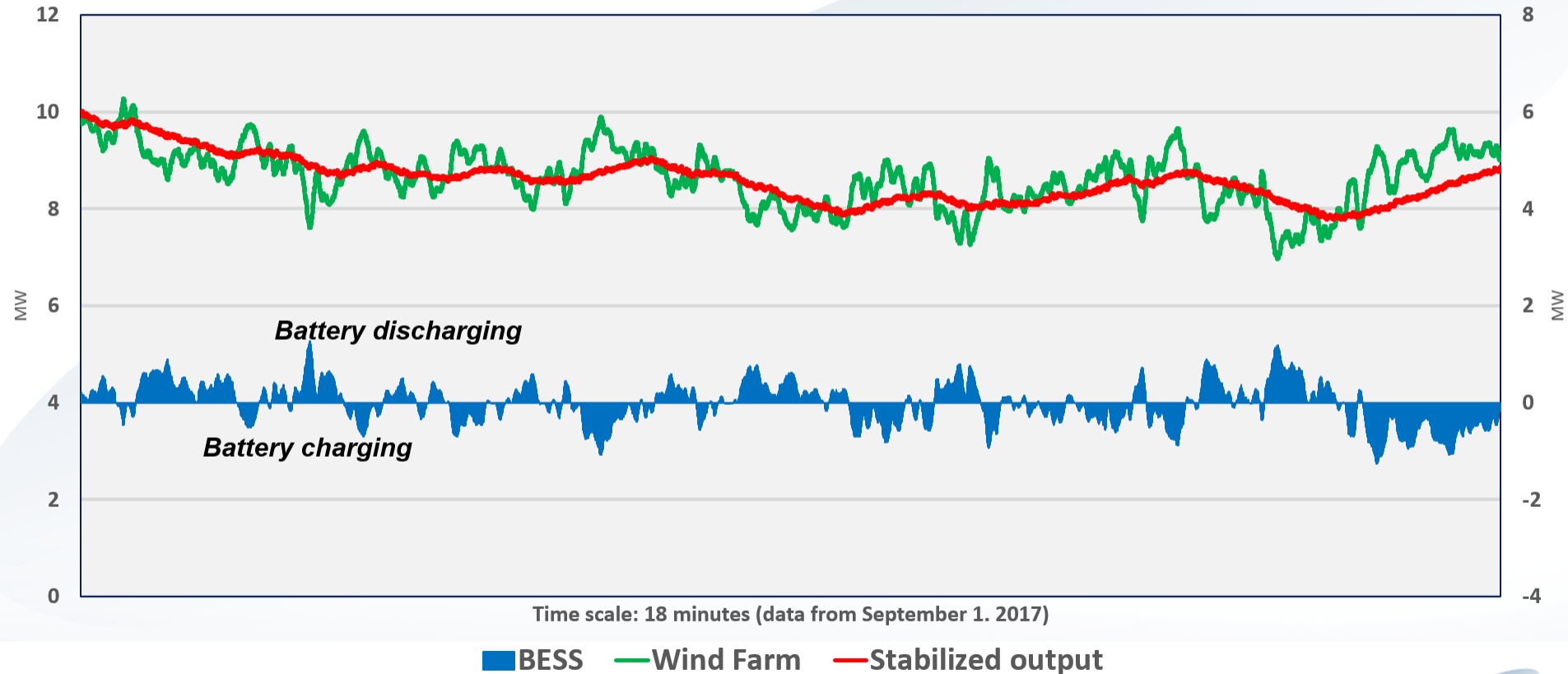
Source: Towards 100% Renewables in the Faroe Islands: Wind and Energy Storage Integration

T. Nielsen (Electrical Power Company [Elfelagið] SEV, Faroe Islands)



**Source: Towards 100% Renewables in the Faroe Islands: Wind and Energy Storage Integration**  
T. Nielsen (Electrical Power Company [Eldelagið] SEV, Faroe Islands)

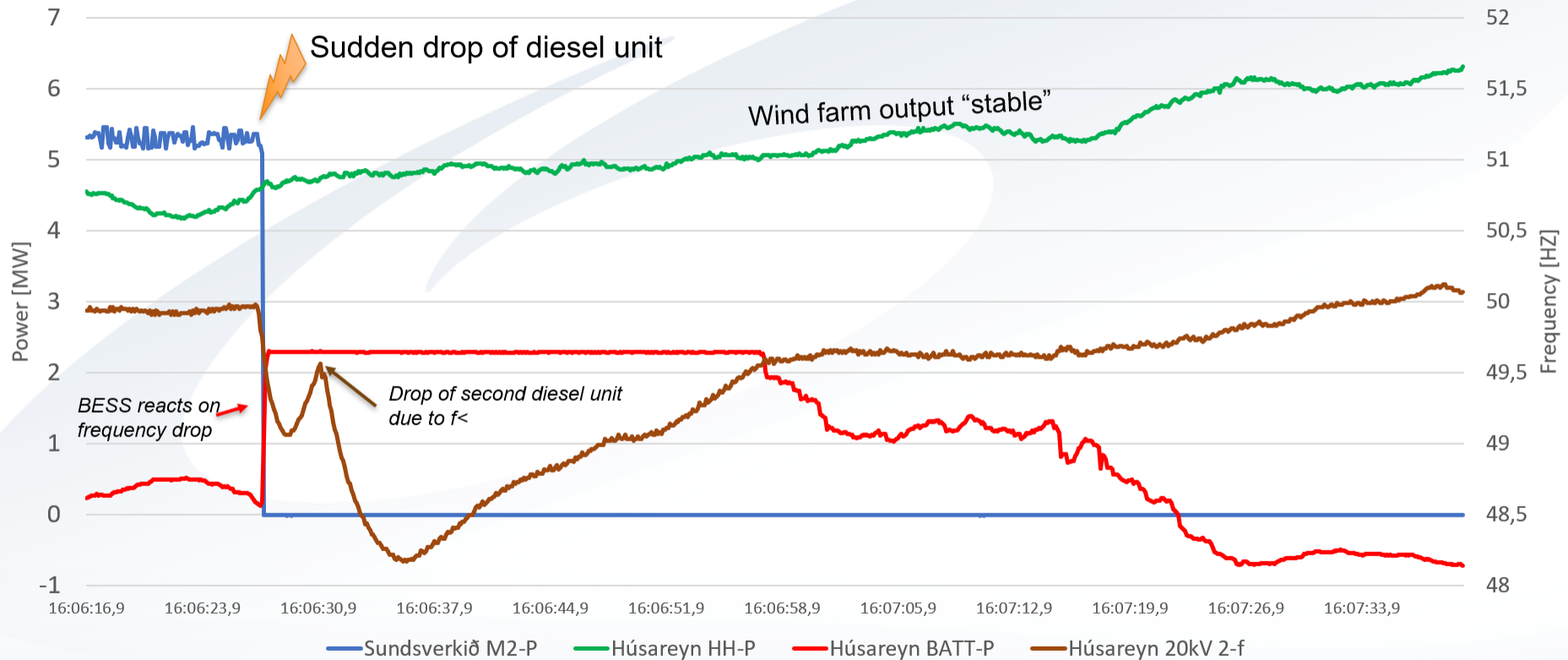
# Battery System in Operation



Source: Towards 100% Renewables in the Faroe Islands: Wind and Energy Storage Integration  
T. Nielsen (Electrical Power Company [Eifelagið] SEV, Faroe Islands)



# Fast Frequency Support from the BESS



# All Papers & Posters are available here:



## Downloads

Please find below the **papers & presentations** of the 3rd International Hybrid Power Systems Workshop in Tenerife. More files will be added within the next days. Please check back regularly.

### KEYNOTE SESSION – CANARY ISLANDS EXPERIENCE

Workshop: Welcome by the organizer

T. Ackermann (Energynautics, Germany)

> [Presentation](#)

Towards a New Energy Model: Challenges and Solutions to Enable Large RES Penetration in the Canary Islands' Isolated Power Systems

P. Santos (Red Eléctrica de España [REE], Spain)

> [Paper](#) > [Presentation](#)

Gorona del Viento Wind-Hydro Power Plant – Results, Improvement Actions and Next Steps

A. Marrero Quevedo (Technological Institute of the Canary Islands [ITC], Spain)

> [Paper](#) > [Presentation](#)

The Hybrid Power Plant in El Hierro Island: Facts and Challenges from the Wind Farm Perspective

N. Taveira (ENERCON, Germany)

> [Paper](#)

Renewable Energy Challenges and Mobility Solutions in Tenerife

M. Cendagorta-Galarza (ITER, Spain)

Partner Event: Grid Integration Week Stockholm



### News

> [Photo Gallery](#)

> [Presentations & Papers](#)

> [Workshop 2019](#)

Updates via e-mail



### Workshop Benefits



<http://hybridpowersystems.org/tenerife2018/downloads/>



## Call for Paper starts soon!







